

Nepal Household Survey 2012

July 2012–February 2013



National Household Survey to monitor the progress of Nepal Health Sector Programme–2

Project Objectives:

To monitor:

- Indicators in the NHSP-2 Logical Framework (LF)
- Implementation of the Aama Programme (including the Four Antenatal Care Visits Programme (4ANC) and free care)
- Household expenditure on health
- Knowledge of, participation in, and perceptions relating to health service governance
- Decision making surrounding access to and utilisation of services.

Team Members:

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Project Summary

The Second Nepal Health Sector Programme (NHSP-2), 2010-2015, focuses on increasing access to and utilisation of Essential Health Care Services (EHCS), particularly among women, the poor, and excluded populations. This is the first Household Survey (HHS) conducted to assist with monitoring the progress of NHSP-2.

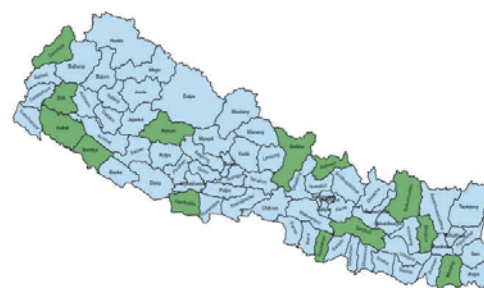
Methodology

HHS 2012 was a nationally representative cross-sectional survey. A stratified, three-stage cluster design was employed, first selecting districts, then wards, and then households. Districts were the Primary Sampling Units (PSUs), and one PSU was randomly selected from each of the 13 sub-strata (sub-regions). Within these 13 PSUs, wards were used as the basis for clusters, and 180 clusters were selected with Probability Proportionate to Size (PPS) (based on the number of households). From each cluster, 57 households were selected using systematic sampling to obtain a representative sample of 10,260 households. The survey collected information from Recently Delivered Women (RDW) from those who had delivered in a government institution in the last 12 months.

Major Findings

- Nearly three quarters of the respondents were aware of the Aama programme
- Over two-thirds (69%) respondents were aware that government hospitals provide free delivery care
- 35% were aware of 4ANC payments and 21% were aware of criteria for eligibility and timing of payment
- Only 51% women who had delivered in the last year and entitled to the 4ANC payment received it
- There was low awareness (13%) on the social audit process
- 22% of outpatients were not involved in care-seeking decision making process
- Of those who had received outpatient care in government

facilities, 48% had spent money at other facilities prior to their care in government facilities.



Study districts as highlighted in the map



Field Researcher interviewing a household member during data collection in Kapilvastu



Data Management Officer closely supervising the coding of the questionnaires

